October 4, 1770. NUMB. 2180.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

A CIRCULAR LETTER, from the late COMMITTEE of this City to the COMMITTEES of the other Colonies.

Philadelphia, September 25, 1770.

GENTLEMEN,

WE are ſorry to inform you that a Number of our Importers of Britiſh Merchandize, who met at Davenport's Tavern on Thurſday laſt, have reſolved to make ſuch an Alteration in our Non-importation Agreement, as will render it of no Uſe, and this without conſulting the other Colonies. As this Conduct will, we apprehend, reflect Diſhonour upon this City and Province, we think it our Duty to give you a candid and true Account of the Means by which it was effected.

When Petitions and Remonſtrances were found ineffectual, to procure the Repeal of an Act which is deſtructive to the Liberty and Property of Americans, the Importers of Britiſh Merchandize in this City, reſolved to unite with Boſton and New-York in an Agreement not to import Goods from Great-Britain, except ſome few enumerated Articles, until the Act complained of was repealed, or a general Meeting of the Subſcribers, after three Days Notice, ſhould determine otherwiſe; the Agreement was carried round to and ſubſcribed by thoſe who actually were, or who from their Circumſtances probably might become Importers; the Number of the Subſcribers did not Amount to 300; the reſt of the Inhabitants concurred in the Meaſure, ſo as to diſcountenance and diſcourage any Attempts to violate it. A Committee of twenty Perſons was choſen to ſee that the Agreement was punctually obſerved, and to correſpond with the Committees in the other Colonies, as well as with the Committee of Merchants in London. Four Gentlemen, who had been appointed to forward a Memorial to the Merchants, Traders and Manufacturers of Britain, were added to the Committee: Of theſe, twenty agreed to act: For ſome Time the greateſt Harmony ſubſiſted: Letters were written to the neighbouring Colonies, to encourage thoſe who had adopted the Non-importation Plan to perſiſt in obſerving it, and to induce others, who had not come into it, to unite with their Siſter Colonies; at the ſame Time, Care was taken to ſee that the Agreement we had entered into was punctually obſerved.

After a while ſeven withdrew from the Committee, four of whom perſonally reſigned, and as one was in England, the Committee was reduced to twelve. The Plan of Non-importation not producing an immediate and total Repeal of the Act; ſome whoſe living, and others whoſe Proſpects of Gain depended upon importing Goods, began to be uneaſy under theſe Reſtrictions: With theſe, the Members who had broken off from the Committee aſſociated: Sundry Meetings were held; and in May laſt, Meaſures being previouſly concerted, a vigorous Puſh was made to break the Agreement entered into: The Voice of the Public, which was againſt them, and ſome concurring Circumſtances, prevented them from carrying their Deſign at that Time; but the Defection of New-York, which followed ſoon after, giving them freſh Spirits, they rallied again, and having ſecretly concerted a Plan, they got a Paper drawn up, ſigned by themſelves and ſeven others, which they preſented to the Chairman of the Committee on the Evening of the 12th Inſtant; and becauſe the Committee would not comply with their Propoſal, which was contrary to the Non-importation Agreement, the Gentlemen themſelves, without conſulting the Committee, ordered Notices to be ſent round to call a general Meeting of the Subſcribers at Davenport's Tavern, in order that none but Subſcribers might be preſent. A Number of the Subſcribers, diſguſted at their Proceedings, refuſed to meet them. The Committee, however, with a View, if poſſible, to reſtrain them from any raſh Steps, which might bring Reproach on this City and Province, attended the Meeting, and having pointed out the Danger to which the Liberty of America was expoſed, urged the Neceſſity of preſerving the Union of the Colonies, as the only Means of averting that Danger; and hinted the Odium that muſt fall on this City and its Inhabitants, if we ſeparated from the other Colonies; they propoſed the following Queſtions:

1. Whether it will not be for the Reputation of this City to conſult the other Colonies, before any Breach is made in our Agreement?

2. Whether adopting the Maryland or Virginia Agreement, or ſomething ſimilar thereto, will not be for the Intereſt of this Province, and at the ſame Time preſerve the Union of the Colonies?

3. Whether it is the Mind of the Perſons met, that we will adopt the Maryland or Virginia Agreement, or ſomething ſimilar thereto; provided New-York, Boſton, &c. will come into the like Meaſure?

Two other Queſtions had been propoſed by one of their Leaders, viz.

1. Are you of Opinion that the Non-importation Agreement, as it now ſubſiſts, ſhould be altered?

2. Are you of Opinion that the Alteration propoſed, ſhould be to open the Importation of Goods from Great-Britain, and other Parts of Europe, except Teas, and ſuch other Articles as are, or may be, ſubject to Duties, for the Purpoſe of raiſing a Revenue in America?

There were 135 Perſons preſent, and as the Gentlemen who were for breaking, had been aſſiduous in collecting their whole Force, it was voted, that the laſt Sett of Queſtions ſhould be firſt propoſed, which was done, and they were carried in the Affirmative. The Committee ſtill inſiſted that the Determination of thoſe Queſtions did not preclude the conſulting the other Colonies, they therefore deſired that the Opinion of the Company might be taken on their firſt Queſtion: A great Oppoſition was made to this: But at length being put to Vote, it was by a Majority of 89 againſt 45, determined in the Negative. The Committee then propoſed, that the Senſe of the Inhabitants, or at leaſt the other Subſcribers, who had not attended the Meeting, ſhould be taken, but the Majority would not admit of this; whereupon one of the Committee got up, and in the Name of the reſt informed the Company, that as Matters were now carried, their Continuance as a Committee would be of no Uſe to the Cauſe they eſpouſed; they therefore reſigned, and deſired to be conſidered no longer as a Committee. After this, two other Reſolves were paſſed, which you will ſee in the Papers; no Committee is yet choſen; the People in general are uneaſy; but what Meaſures will be fallen upon, we cannot undertake to ſay. We are ſorry our Endeavours have not had a more fortunate Iſſue. This, however, we have to ſay, that, to the utmoſt of our Power, we have endeavoured to execute the Truſt repoſed in us, and to preſerve the Union of the Colonies.

We are, with great Eſteem and Reſpect,
Gentlemen,

Your aſſured Friends,
William Fiſher,
George Roberts,
Thomas Mifflin,
Samuel Howell.

Your humble Servants,
John Gibſon,
Charles Thomſon,
John Cox, junior,
Daniel Benezet,
Alexander Huſton,
James Meaſe,
J. M. Neſbitt.

To the Merchants Committee at Boſton.

P. S. We have juſt received your Favour of the 15th Inſtant, which we highly approve, but as we are now no longer a Committee, can return no Anſwer thereto; however we ſhall lay a Copy of it before the new Committee when choſen, and communicate the Contents to the Inhabitants, whenever a public Meeting is called; and ſhall always be ready, as Individuals, to promote and ſtrengthen the Union of the Colonies, and to unite in any common Meaſure that may be thought beſt for preſerving their invaluable Rights.

A LETTER *received by the late* COMMITTEE, *ſince their Reſignation, from Boſton.*

GENTLEMEN, *Boſton, September 15, 1770.*

THE Merchants of this Place not having had the Pleaſure of hearing from you for a conſiderable Time, and being ſenſible of the Expediency of a conſtant Intercourſe and Communication of Sentiments between the Colonies, who have entered into a common Agreement, have determined in a Meeting, held the Eleventh Day of September inſtant, to requeſt your Sentiments at this critical and alarming Juncture, when ſo conſiderable an Event has taken Place as the unhappy Defection of the City of New-York, and when high handed Attempts have been made on our conſtitutional Liberties, and ſtill more formidable Movements threaten our moſt eſtabliſhed Rights.

We make no Doubt, from your uſual Firmneſs, that on this important Occaſion you will keep in View, that a ſteady Union of the Colonies, in ſome common Meaſure, is the only Means of preſerving their invaluable Rights, whenever attacked.

We think it proper to expreſs to you our Opinion, that the Arts made uſe of by our Enemies to weaken our Hands, renders it of the utmoſt Importance, that all Methods ſhould be taken to ſtrengthen the Union that now ſubſiſts in the Colonies. We therefore propoſe, that there be a Meeting of Committees of Merchants from the neighbouring Governments, to determine upon ſome Plan for that happy Purpoſe. That the Non-importation Agreement ſhall remain in its preſent Force, till ſome Relaxation ſhall be agreed upon by the Committees, and reported, if they, when aſſembled, ſhall judge any ſuch Relaxation neceſſary.

If you ſhould join in Sentiment with us, we deſire that you would appoint a Time and Place for a general Meeting as ſoon as may be, and that you would acquaint the Colonies of the Jerſies, Connecticut and Rhode-Iſland, as well as ourſelves, with your Reſolutions, mentioning what Number you ſhall ſend, and we ſhall, in the mean Time, acquaint thoſe Governments of this Propoſal. Should a Conſideration of the Neceſſity of preſerving a general Harmony through the Colonies, incline you to invite the City of New-York to accede to the Propoſal, it will be agreeable to us, that they ſhould act in Concert with the Committees, provided they firſt give Satisfaction to them.

We are, with Eſteem, Gentlemen,
Your moſt humble Servants.

To the Committee of Merchants at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Thurſday, Sept. 17, 1770.

Many reſpectable Freeholders and Inhabitants of this City, juſtly alarmed at the Reſolutions formed by a Number of the Dry Goods Importers on Thurſday laſt, at Davenport's Tavern, which reflect Diſhonour on this City and Province, earneſtly requeſt the Freemen of this City and County, to meet in the State-Houſe *this Afternoon, at 3 o' Clock, to conſider and determine what is proper to be done, to vindicate the Honour of this City, and to avert the Danger that threatens their Country.*

IN Conſequence of the above Advertiſement, which was publiſhed in the Papers, and diſperſed in Hand-bills round the City and Suburbs, a large Body of reſpectable Inhabitants aſſembled at the Time and Place appointed, and having unanimouſly choſen JOSEPH FOX, Eſq; Chairman, they came to the following Reſolutions.

1. That the Claim of Parliament to tax the Colonies, and particularly the Act impoſing Duties on Tea, &c. for the Purpoſe of raiſing a Revenue in America, is ſubverſive of the conſtitutional Rights of the Colonies.

2. That the Union of the Colonies is neceſſary, and ought to be maintained, in order to procure a Redreſs of their common Grievances, and to preſerve their common Rights and Liberties.

3. That it would have been for the Reputation of this City to have conſulted the other Colonies, before any Breach had been made in the Non-importation Agreement, entered into by the Merchants and Traders of this City.

4. That the adopting the Maryland Agreement, or one ſimilar thereto, would be of Advantage to this Province, and at the ſame Time tend to keep up a Harmony among the Colonies, and to procure a Repeal of the offenſive Act.

5. That ſuch an Agreement be recommended to the Merchants and Traders of this City.

6. That, provided ſuch an Agreement is entered into by them, the Inhabitants of this City will concur with them therein; and farther will, by all lawful Ways, diſcountenance and diſcourage the Importation of Goods from any other Colony, until the Spring Veſſels arrive with ſuch Goods as ſhall be ordered by our Merchants, that they may reap the Advantage of the virtuous Self-denial they have hitherto exerciſed, for preſerving the Liberties of America, and that ſuch as ſhall bring, or connive at, countenance, aid, or abet the bringing of Goods into this Province, contrary to this Reſolve, ſhall be deemed an Enemy to the Peace and good Order of this City, and unfriendly to the Liberties of America.

7. That the Thanks of this Body be given to thoſe Members of the late Merchants Committee who reſigned at Davenport's, on Thurſday laſt, for their faithful Diſcharge of the Truſt repoſed in them.

8. That Meſſieurs Peter Chevalier, Benjamin Loxley, John Cadwallader, Daniel Roberdeau, James Pearſon, William Maſters, George Clymer, and John Shee, with the Members of the late Committee who reſigned, be a Committee to requeſt the Merchants and Traders of this City to adopt the Meaſure propoſed, and make Report to the Inhabitants at a public Meeting, which they are deſired to call when they are ready.

9. That theſe Reſolves be publiſhed, and the Inhabitants of this Province invited to concur therein.

Every Thing was conducted with the greateſt Order and Decorum. Buſineſs being over, the Thanks of the Company were voted to the Chairman for his Services. To the 4th Reſolve there was only one diſſenting Voice, the Reſt were all carried *unanimouſly*.

To be LETT for a Term of YEARS,

ANDOVER FURNACE, ſituate in the County of Suſſex, in Weſt New-Jerſey, on a Branch of Paquett River, together with an elegant Stone Dwelling-houſe, Stables, Smith's Shop, Spring-houſe, and a Number of Outhouſes for Workmen; a large Coal-houſe, in which there is at leaſt 7 Week's Stock of Coals for the next Blaſt; alſo 3000 Acres of well timbered Land to accommodate the Furnace, on which are erected, a Saw-mill, and an excellent Griſt-mill, which has a great Deal of Country Cuſtom. Scarcely a Mile from the Furnace is an inexhauſtible Body of Ore, which may be raiſed at the eaſy Expence of 2*s.* per Ton, and makes Iron of a ſuperior Quality to any other in America, particularly for the Manufacture of Steel. There is a large Farm on the ſaid Tract, on which about 60 Acres of Winter Grain is now growing, about 70 Acres of extraordinary good Meadow has been already made, and is now in good Engliſh Graſs, and as much more may be cleared at a ſmall Expence, it being already drained. The whole is under good Fence, and the Woodland adjoining affords excellent Range for a large Stock. Two Horſe Teams, and 3 Ox Ditto, will be rented with the above Premiſes, if the Perſon leaſing chuſes it. For the Terms, apply to Mr. ARCHIBALD STEWART, who lives at the ſaid Furnace, or to Meſſieurs ALLEN and TURNER, in Philadelphia.

To be LETT alſo, a large FORGE, in excellent Order, with 4 Fires, and 2 Hammers, in the County of Suſſex, ſituate on Muſcomiung River, about 7 Miles from Andover Furnace, and 35 Miles diſtant from Brunſwick and Elizabeth-town Landings. Five Thouſand Acres of well-timbered Land, Part lying in the County of Suſſex, and Part in the County of Morris, very convenient to the Forge, will be rented with it; alſo a Griſt-mill, Saw-mill, commodious Houſes for a Manager and Forgemen, and 70 Tons of Pig-metal on the Bank, with more than a Sufficiency of Coal to work it up; likewiſe a good Farm, with about 50 Acres of Winter Grain in the Ground, and 25 Acres of Meadow in Engliſh Graſs, and a Number of Teams, and every Neceſſary for carying on the Buſineſs of the Forge and Farm. The Owners have ſix Negroe Slaves to hire out or ſell, who are good Forgemen, and underſtand the making and drawing of Iron well. Proviſions of all Sorts may be laid in very cheap both at the Furnace and Forge, fat Cattle, in the Fall, being never higher than 2*d.* per Pound, Beef, Hide and Tallow. For Terms, apply as above directed.

N. B. ALLEN and TURNER will alſo lett, for a Term of Years, their SLITTING-MILL and FORGE, with, or without, a FURNACE, together with all the Implements and Conveniencies neceſſary for carrying on the IRON-BUSINESS; being the noted Union Iron-work, in Hunterdon County, in Weſt-Jerſey, about 30 Miles nearer Philadelphia than Andover Iron-work, and within that Diſtance from Brunſwick, and equally convenient for the Philadelphia and New-York Markets.

Wilmington, New-Caſtle County,

JUST PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD, by JAMES ADAMS, *at his Printing-Office, in Market-ſtreet, and by the* PRINTERS *hereof,*

THE WILMINGTON ALMANACK, for the Year 1771: Containing, beſides the uſual aſtronomical Calculations, the Continuation of Mr. Hervey's Thoughts on the Starry-Heavens, &c. &c. &c.--------Alſo, the PENNSYLVANIA ALMANACK, for the Year 1771: Containing, the Motions of the Sun and Moon, the true Places and Aſpects of the Planets, &c. &c. &c.

Burlington, September 24, 1770.

THIS DAY is PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD, by ISAAC COLLINS, *at his Printing-Office, in this City,*

THE BURLINGTON ALMANACK, for the Year of our Lord, 1771: Containing, beſides the uſual aſtronomical Obſervations, a Variety of uſeful and entertaining MATTER.

SAMUEL HOWELL

HAS, at his Store, in Water-ſtreet, near Cheſtnut-ſtreet, a Quantity of Jamaica Rum; Madeira Wine, from 40 l. to 60 l. per Pipe; 100 German Rifle Barrels, and Locks.

All Perſons indebted to *Samuel Howell*, whoſe Debts are now due, are deſired to pay this Fall, to prevent Coſt.

FRANCIS HOPKINSON,

At his Store in Front-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets,

HATH for Sale, a large Aſſortment of *fine* and *ſuper Broad-cloths*; and a few Superfines, amongſt which are light Colours, proper for Womens Cloaks; likewiſe *Billiard Cloth*, fine Kerſeys, white Jeans, Breeches Patterns, &c. &c.

SEVERAL Sums of Money to be lent, on approved *real* Security, in this City or County.----The Sum of £ 800 is wanted, on undoubted *perſonal* Security.----Apply to

MATTHEW CLARKSON,
Notary Publick, in Third ſtreet.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE tract of land, containing 340 acres, ſituate in the townſhip of Lebanon, in the county of Hunterdon, and province of Weſt New-Jerſey, whereon there is a log houſe, and other buildings, 50 acres of plow-land cleared, and 6 or 7 acres of meadow, and 40 or 50 acres more of meadow ground to clear, a young orchard planted out, the remainder of the land uncleared is generally well timbered and watered, and is within about a mile and a half of Squire's Point Forge, and two or three miles of Choing Water Forge, where there is a griſt-mill and ſaw-mill. For further particulars and terms, enquire of JOHN SYKES, living in Bordentown, or ANTHONY SYKES, in Cheſterfield, in the County of Burlington. ¶

[*For more new Advertiſements, ſee the Fourth Page.*]

By the Duke of Cumberland Packet, Captain GOODRIDGE, arrived at New-York from Falmouth, we have the following Advices, viz.

VENICE, June 27.

ACCORDING to the last Letters from the Morea, the Russians have cut to Pieces 650 Turks, who were at Gustugna. After this Expedition, which cost them a great many Men, they retired to Navarino. We learn by the same Advices, that 5000 Macedonians occupy the Isthmus of Corinth, that Part of the Russian Fleet having sailed towards Napoli di Romania, not finding the Turkish Fleet there, were going to besiege the Place.

Trieste, June 27. *The last Advices from the Morea inform us, that that whole Peninsula is in the Power of our Army, except the two Fortresses, which will not hold out long, as they are in Want of Provisions; that our Troops guard all the Passages, by which the Enemy could have them brought by Land, and that they are prevented from receiving any Resources by Sea, as, by good Luck, 18 Ships of our Squadron block up in the Port 13 Turkish Ships, commanded by Zafir Bey, who had come to their Assistance. Moreover, the Turkish Ships are blocked up by ours in such a Manner, that they must also surrender or perish.*

Letters from Venice, besides bringing a Confirmation of the abovementioned Advantages, further inform us, that two of our Ships having met in the Mouth of the Gulph of Venice, with twelve Dulcignote Tartanes, coming to the Succour of the Morea, had sunk eight of them, and dispersed the other four.

These Letters add, that five Ships of the Fleet of Zafir Bey, having attempted to sail out of the Port, wherein they were blockaded, were sunk to the Bottom; and that his Excellency Count Alexis Orlow having raised five Regiments of Infantry in Cefalonia, Zante, Albania, Mainotte, and Mariottes, exercised them daily, and hopes, by the Blessing of God, to be soon in a Condition to make great Conquests.

Hague, July 18. *The Differences which lately subsisted between their High Mightinesses and his Serene Highness the Elector Palatine, are adjusted in an amicable Manner; and Orders are given by each Party, for the reciprocally re-establishing Navigation and Commerce in their respective States, on the ancient Footing.*

Leghorn, July 4. *The Commander of a French Polacre, arrived in this Port, says, that three Russian Vessels having met seven Turkish Ships in the Gulph of Romania, the latter was so roughly treated, that they were obliged to take Refuge in that Port. He adds, that Count Orlow was in March, with a Body of* 10,000 *Greeks and Russians, to besiege Tripolizza.*

Paris, July 20. *The King having ordered the State of the Corn within this Kingdom to be laid before him, has issued some Ordinances, which tend greatly to encourage the Importation of that necessary Commodity from foreign Parts, and to prevent its being carried out of the Country.*

Warsaw, July 14. *The Turks make no Figure before the Russians. The former, to the Number of* 20,000 *Men, attempted lately to attack the latter, but the good Countenance of General Baur, who marched up to them, occasioned their speedily taking Flight.*

There is no Doubt that the Russians are going to begin the Siege of Bender.

Otranto, June 24. *Letters from the District of the Morea advise, that a Russian Squadron, composed of* 11 *Ships, commanded by Admiral Elphinston, had arrived in the Gulph of Pagania, not far from Mystira, and that after having been there reinforced by several Russian Ships of War, he put to Sea, attacked and defeated the Ottoman Fleet, under the Command of Giaffer Bey, three of whose Ships were sunk.*

Ancona, June 25. *Letters from Otranto, and others from the Pouillo, along the Gulph of Venice, make Mention of a naval Engagement, which happened not far from the Morea, between Admiral Elphinston's Squadron and the Ottoman Fleet, to the great Disadvantage of the Turks.*

From Polish Prussia, July 12. The Conference between the Prussian Resident at Dantzick, and the Magistracy there, having begun, there appear five Points that occasioned the Prussia Troops being sent into their Territories; the first relates to the protecting the Rights of the Prussian Subjects; the second to the enrolled Prussian Subjects who have settled in Dantzick; the third to the Inhabitants who would depart out of Dantzick; the fourth to the Freedom of a Prussian Dock; and the fifth to the free Passage of Prussian Money.

Legborn, July 7. The French Polacre Sans Pareille, Captain Martin, is arrived in this Port from Gavara and Metelin. He reports, that on the 9th ult. he fell in near Cerigo with two Russian 60 Gun Ships, a Frigate, a Bomb-ketch, and another Ship; that being ordered by the Russian Commandant to bring to, he told him what he had seen on his Passage; that the Commandant then informed him, that a few Days before there had been a sharp Engagement in the Gulph of Napoli di Romania, between three Ships of his Nation, and seven of the Ottoman's, in which the latter had been so shattered that they were obliged to put into a Port in that Place, having lost most of their Masts. The French Captain adds, that before that Engagement, there had been another at Navarino, the Russians having sprung a Mine, by which several Thousands of Turks lost their Lives.

Vienna, July 7. According to Letters from Constantinople, dated the 7th of June, they had then received Advice, that the Captain Pacha, about the latter end of May, arrived at Napoli di Romana, with his Squadron of 12 Men of War of the Line; that Jaffer Bey arrived about the same Time with his Division; and that they had set Sail in Conjunction, in order to attack the Russian Squadron, then before Coron.

By other Letters, dated the 9th, we learn, that Osman Bey, at the Head of 3000 Men, had raised the Siege of Coron; and that an Engagement was every Moment expected between the Turkish and Russian Fleets.

The same Letters advise, that the Pacha of Erzeron, in Asiatick Turkey, had defeated the united Forces of Russians and Georgians, commanded by Gen. Tottleben; that this Victory had rendered him Master of the whole Country; and that the Porte had caused this News to be communicated in Form to all the foreign Ministers.

Constantinople, June 16. The Porte hath just received an Express from Georgia, which hath brought the agreeable News of a considerable Advantage gained by Piri Zade Mehemet Pacha, over the Georgians, followed by the taking of the Fortress of Agiska, which he hath given up to be pillaged.

Our Sultan received the same Day a Courier, charged with announcing to his Highness the important News, that Osman Pacha had retaken Coron, Modon, and Navarino, from the Russians; that the latter had lost two Colonels, one was killed, the other is to be conducted Prisoner to this Capital; and that there is great Probability that the Morea will soon be again under the Dominion of our Emperor, as Osman Pacha was at the Head of a considerable Body of Albanians, who would soon be reinforced by other Troops, conducted by two other Pachas.

From the Danube, July 8. We are assured, that a bloody Battle happened in Moldavia, on the 24th of June last, between the Turks and Russians, to the Disadvantage of the former, who have lost 40,000 Men. We wait for a Confirmation of this News.

Ancona, July 2. Advice is received here that the three principal Towns of the Island of Candia, viz. Candia, Suda, and Retimo, have declared in Favour of the Russians. A Report prevails that the Emperor of Morocco is about to break the Truce with Spain, and to besiege Ceuta.

Constantinople, June 30. Several Letters here of good Authority assure, that the Russians having pretended to quit Walachia, a Body from the Turkish Army went to take Possession of it, but the Muscovites turning suddenly upon them, cut the whole Corps to Pieces. The Turkish Admiral too has been so roughly handled in the late Engagement between him and the Russians, that his Ship will not bear repairing. Two or three more Vessels of his Squadron were sunk, and the rest are fled.

Paris, July 20. There has been an Insurrection at Cherbourg, on Account of the Dearness of Bread. And from Rheims we have an Account, that the People there having been told that there was a Magazine in the Abbey of St. Remy, they made a forcible Entry, and plundered it of all the Corn; and, it is said, several Monks belonging to the Abbey were killed.

Frontiers of Walachia, July 1. A Multitude of Russian Deserters, arrived on this Frontier, have informed us of the Defeat of Prince Repnin, a few Days ago in the Neighbourhood of Yassi. This News is just confirmed by some Letters from Moldavia and Podolia. They import, in Substance, that Prince Repnin, after having collected together the broken Remains of the late General Stoffeln's Army, and incorporated them with the Division which he commands, took his Post a League and a Half from Yassi, on the Pruth, in order to cover the Communication between the Armies of Romanzow and Panin; that he was attacked in this Camp by the famous Ibrahim Pacha, and that after an obstinate Defence he was obliged to yield to the Superiority of the Ottoman Forces; that the Loss of the Russians was very considerable; that they retired on the other Side the Pruth towards Girdesty, still pursued and harrassed by the Turkish and Tartarian Cavalry, and that Desertion weakens them almost as much as the Sword of the Enemy and Diseases.

Petersburgh, July 4. The Generality of the Confederacy hath received by several Estaffettes, the News of the Defeat of Prince Repnin near Yassi.

As to the pretended Defeat of the Army of Prince Panin near Bender, we know, that the first Reports of it have been exaggerated, there not having yet been any Siege or Investment of the Place; but that an advanced Corps of Panin's Army having approached too near, was attacked and beaten by the Ottoman Troops which occupied the Palanka of Bender.

LONDON, *July* 21.

Letters from the British Resident at Constantinople mention, that the Janissaries commit the most savage Outrages in that Capital, having massacred above 2000 of different Sexes and Ages.

Private Letters from Paris advise, that several Letters have been received there from Lisbon, which give an Account, that on the 19th of last Month the King of Portugal issued an Ordinance, which enjoined all the Inhabitants of Lisbon, on Pain of Death, to retire to their Houses at the firing of a Gun at a certain Hour, and not to stir out again till another Gun should be fired, the Time for which was likewise appointed. The King's Orders were very punctually observed, but when the People were at Liberty to go abroad again, they were very curious to know the Reason of their being confined. Some of them accordingly repaired to the Place of publick Execution, where they found 33 Monks hanged, 15 Gentlemen beheaded, and one Man quartered. These unhappy Wretches had conspired against the King their Master, and one of them had even made an Attempt against his Life.

It is reported that, at the breaking up of the C------l Yesterday, it was resolved to leave American Affairs as they are, until the next Meeting of Parliament.

We are informed that the Account given of the Failure of Lord Northington's Negociation being owing to Lord C----m and Lord R----m insisting on the Dissolution of Parliament, which a great Personage would not comply with, is without Foundation.

July 24. It is asserted that Negotiations of a private Nature, are now on the Carpet between his Prussian Majesty and the British Court.

We hear that the People of Sweden are so enraged at the Evils which the French Faction have brought on them, that they threaten to insist, that the next Diet shall prohibit all Commerce with that Nation.

Accounts from Portugal inform, that the Conspiracies there are chiefly owing to the Clergy, who have, for some Time, entertained an Opinion, that his Most Faithful Majesty has, from his Youth, been inclined to favour the Protestants.

Some Letters from Gibraltar mention, that a new Treaty has just been negociated between the Emperor of Morocco, and the King of Spain.

Yesterday some important Dispatches arrived at the Earl of Hillsborough's Office, from Lieutenant Governor Bull of South-Carolina.

July 26. The Intention of the Earl of Northington's coming to Town, was to take a House for his Town Residence in the Winter, that his Lordship has done, and is gone back to the Grange; but as he was instrumental in getting Lord Camden the Seals, he was asked his Opinion, who was the properest Person to fill up said Vacancy, when he again recommended Lord Camden, as the most capable and upright Man in the Kingdom.

When the Premier met Lord N---------n at Court, he told him "Old Friend, you'll be offered the Seals." That may be (replied Surly Bob) but I'll be d--'d if they make any *Impression*.

We hear that a capital Dutch House has refused to answer a Draft from a certain Northern State; which makes no little Noise in Holland, and it is supposed will produce strange Effects, when known to the Ministers of the Northern Court.

The common Business of America, in the Absence of Lord Hillsborough, will devolve on a Gentleman belonging to the Plantation-office, who is to have the Advice and Assistance of Gov. B----rd.

By the latest Accounts from Hamburgh, it is observed, that Prussian recruiting Parties swarm every where for 40 Miles round.

The Peace of the North seems now settled on a permanent Footing, by the late Treaty between Sweden and Russia.

They write from the Hague, that the States had given Orders for all the Barrier Towns of the Republic to be fully garrisoned, and the Works repaired.

We are credibly informed, that the Report mentioned in some of the Papers of the Substance of the Resolution of a late Council being, "That the Bostonians have forfeited their Charter," is without Foundation.

July 27. Considerable odds are laid that the Sister of a Queen, will soon be a Dutchess of Scotland. The pleasing Accounts she hears of this Country, her small Fortune, the Youth and Person of the young Nobleman, and her being past the Game, as it is said, naturally occasion this Alliance.

An Agent is now buying up all Kinds of military Stores for the Use of the Emperor of Morocco.

It is confidently asserted that some capital Impeachments will take Place in a few Days, in Consequence of a late dreadful accidental Affair.

A certain great Duke has advised his M------y to let the young Princes make a Tour through England, as it is imagined their innocent Attachments may in some Measure recover his lost Popularity.

It is whispered, that a Northern Potentate has certainly renewed a Demand of a very extraordinary Nature on the British Court.

July 28. The last Letters from Vienna advise, that the Emperor is making great Preparations for the Reception of the King of Prussia next September, at the Camp in Moravia; which on this Occasion is to make a most splendid Appearance. These Letters add, that the Imperial Court, and that of Versailles, are exerting their Endeavours to bring about a Reconciliation between the Turks and Russians.

Letters from Sweden advise, that there is a great Ferment among the Merchants and other Creditors of the State. Bills, which where drawn by the Government on Mr. H---- and Co. a great House in Holland, have been refused Acceptance, and occasioned the most distressful Embarrassments on those to whom they had been given.

The above Intelligence unravels the Mystery, and resolves the Paradox, how a Party, under the Influence of the French Court, were induced to take a Step which at once blasts all the Views of that Court: But it was a Measure of Necessity, not of Choice; as the Risk would have been too great even for the Crown, as well as the Senate, to have brought on the Mischiefs that would immediately have ensued.

There is one Circumstance which reflects no little Honour on the Earl of Northington, in his late Negotiation with the Administration; and that is, his Lordship failed of Success, not as some others had done before him, for asking too much for himself (for he asked nothing at all) but for asking too much for his Country----the greatest Crime a Man *can* be guilty of in the present ministerial Situation of Affairs?

According to some private Letters from Vienna, the Russian Ambassador has for some Time past been received with remarkable Coolness at the Imperial Court.

July 31. *Three C----ls, since the 15th of this month, have been held on American affairs. Many members were of opinion, that his Majesty, with the advice of his Privy Council, was sufficiently empowered to suppress the tumults in America in what manner he thought proper; but a cautious member of the law observed, that in the present situation of affairs they could not act too prudently, and therefore it was safer to leave the* manner *of quelling them to the Parliament, as by that means it would be the action of the* whole nation; *which opinion we hear was adopted.*

It is said the whole loss, sustained by the late fire in Portsmouth dock, will fall upon the Insurance-offices in London.

We hear the intended survey of the royal navy and magazines, by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, which had been put off, will now take Place in a short time.

August 2. Letters from Gibraltar mention, that some Regiments of Spanish Infantry having lately arrived in the Neighhood of St. Roche, occasioned an Alarm to the Garrison, since which it had appeared that those Troops were intended to be sent to Ceuta, a Spanish Fortress on the Coast of Barbary, said to be threatened by the Moors.

A certain Foreigner of Rank here, seems highly disgusted on Account of the Suspicions entertained of his Nation, with regard to the late Fire at Portsmouth Dock.

It is now said, that the Loss sustained by the late Fire in Portsmouth Dock, has been much exaggerated, and that it will not exceed 130,000 l.

Letters from Petersburgh mention, that the Court had just received Advice, that several Greek Islands in the Archipelago, have revolted in Favour of her Imperial Majesty.

It was this Morning reported, that Advice is received from Trieste, of Prince Heracleus of Georgia, having fallen into the Hands of the Turks, and sent Prisoner in Chains to Constantinople.

Letters from Venice mention a Report prevailing there, that a Treaty of an extraordinary Nature is far advanced between the Court of Petersburgh and the Emperor of Morocco.

They write from Madrid, that the King had given Orders for Draughts to be made from the Garrison Troops in the Provinces of Grenada and Murcia, to be embarked at Malaga, for the Spanish Fortresses of Oran and Ceuta, on the Barbary Coast.

This Morning was married, at St. James's Church, by the Rev. Mr. Coombe, of Philadelphia, JOHN FOXCROFT, Esq; Deputy Post-Master General of North-America, to Miss JUDITH OSGOOD, of King-street, St. James's; and immediately after the Ceremony they set out with their Friends for the Country.

A few Days since the eldest Son of a Great Personage, having some Dispute with one of his Play-fellows, in the Midst of some of their Amusements, the former was so greatly incensed, as to strike the latter, which the Great Personage observing, commanded the little Boy to pull off his Cloaths, and beat him soundly, for being the Aggressor, which he accordingly did, was commended for it, and given to understand, that the Discipline was by way of discouraging the former from any Attempt in future of lifting up his Hand against a Subject.

August 4. Orders have been transmitted from the French Court to the Commander of the Squadron, now before the Port of Tunis, to bombard that Capital, if the Dey refuses to give ample Satisfaction for the Injuries offered to the Subjects of France, or her Allies.

The following Circumstance, which happened in the Neighbourhood of Leeds, is an absolute Fact: A Gentleman intending to marry, took a whimsical Resolution to gain the Consent of a Lady before he could finish the smoaking a Pipe of Tobacco; accordingly he goes, acquaints the Lady with his Intentions, and begs her Answer in the allotted Time; but she, like many of her Sex, could not so hastily consent, requesting an Enlargement of the Time, though the Gentleman and his Qualities were unexceptionable: Being fixed in his Resolution, he visits a Second, but without Success: Not discouraged, he waits on a Third, when she very frankly accepts the Offer, and the Consequence was a speedy and happy Marriage, which at once deprived the other two, who had the next Morning separately sent an Offer of their Services.

It is said, that the Earl of Huntingdon is appointed Master of the Horse to his Majesty, in the Room of the Duke of Ancaster.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, July 26.

"Advice has just been received here, that the Van-guard of the Ottoman Army, consisting of 20,000 Horse, and about 15,000 Foot, commanded by Ali Keli, the Pacha of Bassarabia, had surprized in the Night a Body of Russians, who were intrenched between Buchareft and Bender, and for some Hours made great Slaughter among the latter, and spiked several Cannon; but that by the Activity and Resolution of the Russian Officers, the Enemy at Break of Day were obliged to retreat with Precipitation, leaving behind them their Artillery, which consisted of 24 Pieces of small Cannon, 4 Standards, and 2 Batoons of Command. The Russian Hussars under Col. Kalmmuntz, when the Turks were put into Confusion, cut off the Retreat of the Janissaries, and after killing above 900, who refused to throw down their Arms, took 1500 Prisoners.

"The Loss of the Russians does not amount to more than 1300 Men, but the Ottomans have left upwards of 3000 killed and wounded on the Field of Battle, besides those they lost in the Retreat."

Although Mr. Serjeant Glynn, on the late Trials of the Printess and Publishers of Junius's Letter, insisted on the Jury's Right to judge on the *Law* as well as the *Fact*, the Counsel on the other Side, would by no Means acknowledge that Right. We can, however, quote an Authority that will place this important Point beyond a Doubt; the Suffrage we mean is of Littleton, who in his Tenures, Sect. 368, declares, "That if a Jury will take upon them the Knowledge of the Law, upon the Matter, they may." And this is agreed to by Coke in his Comment thereupon.

Private Letters from Berlin advise, that his Majesty had given Orders for two Prussian Camps to be immediately formed.

Letters from Leghorn mention, that the Empress of Russia is actually entering into Treaty with some of the maritime States in the Mediterranean.

This Morning, it is said, an Express arrived at the Russian Ambassador's House in Soho-square, from Petersburgh, said to contain some very important Dispatches.

We hear from Portsmouth, that notwithstanding many Reports to the contrary, it had not yet appeared there were any Grounds for the Opinion industriously circulated, that the Dock-yards had been wilfully set on Fire by the secret Emissaries of France.

Yesterday a Quantity of naval Stores began to be shipped at Woolwich on board two Transports for Portsmouth.

SALEM, September 18.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in Gibraltar to his Friend in Salem, dated July 10, 1770.

"*In my last I advised you that the second Division of the Russian Squadron, commanded by Admiral Elphinston, had passed this Place; a third Squadron is hourly expected in these Seas, which consists of about* 24 *Sail, including Frigates, Storeships, &c. The Russians have now in the Levant about fifteen Sail of Line of Battle Ships, besides a Number of Frigates, Bombs, &c. By the last Accounts, they were carrying every Thing before them, both by Sea and Land, having already conquered the greatest Part of the Morea, and we apprehend will go nigh to reduce all the Islands in the Levant, belonging to the Porte, this Summer, although the Turks make a noble Defence, but must be overcome at last by the Greeks, who are very numerous, and have all revolted, and taken up Arms in Favour of the Russians, so that there will be terrible Work among them, as it seems no Quarters are given on either Side. We have a Report in Town, that the French are actually fitting out their Fleet at Toulon, in order to assist the Turks, but this wants Confirmation; should it prove true, a general Rupture must ensue, as we are by Treaty obliged to assist the Russians.---About a Fortnight ago a Danish Squadron, consisting of four Ships of the Line, two Frigates, two Bombs, and three Storeships, put into this Bay, bound to Algiers, which*

Place they intend to bombard, in case the Dey refuses to come into their Terms, some of his Cruisers having lately seized and taken several Vessels of that Nation: However, we are of Opinion they will not come to Blows, but that Matters will be made up.---The Dutch have had a Squadron in these Seas for some Time past, being afraid of some of the Barbary Powers. The Swedes are likewise preparing a Squadron to send out to the Mediterranean, but with what View is not known.--- The Emperor of Morocco has taken the Field at the Head of 40,000 Men, and a large Train of Artillery, and is now on his March towards Tetuan; many People imagine that he intends to attack Ceuta, which I should not be surprized at. The last Letters from Tunis mention, that the Dey of said Place had seized upon all the Greeks in his Dominions, and it was apprehended would put them all to the Sword, on Account of their having taking up Arms against his Friends the Turks."

PROVIDENCE, *Sept.* 22.

The Committee of Merchants here have received a Letter from the Merchants at Boston, proposing a general Meeting of Committees from the different Colonies, in order to consider and determine on some effectual Measures relative to the Non-importation Agreement.

NEWPORT, *Sept.* 24.

*We are assured, that among the Provincials at Castle William at the Time of its being b***ly delivered up, there was an old Soldier who had been there ever since he was* 15 *Years old, and as he understood fishing well, the Commissioners offered him* 30 *Dollars per Month to continue there, and catch Fish for them; which NOBLY DISDAINING, he shared the same Fate with the rest, of being turned out in a more ignominious Manner, than ever a French or Spanish Garrison was dismissed during last War.*

NEW-YORK, *October* 1.

Monday Captain Offat arrived here in 28 Days from Pensacola: The 18th Instant, in Lat. 36, Long. 73, he spoke with a Sloop from Antigua for Philadelphia, but as it blew hard at the Time, could not learn the Captain's Name.

The Duke of Cumberland, Captain Goodridge, on the 8th of September, in Lat. 39, Long. 51: 16, spoke a whaling Sloop, belonging to Nantucket, who had caught one Fish; 17th, in Lat. 38: 46, Long. 63, came past the Wreck of a Sloop, of about 80 or 90 Tons Burthen, with one End of her Mast lying on Deck, which had broke down the Gunwale to the Deck in its Fall. She had Ports, her Bowsprit standing, her Sail furled, and Square-sail-yard out on the Larboard Side, with the Sail, or Part of it, hauled close out; her Tiller playing, her Quarter-deck blown up, the Water washing over her Deck:------She had a pretty large Figure of a Man on her Stern, over which was the Trophies of War, painted on a faded blue Field; had four Cabbin Windows, and her Tafferel formed almost a Semicircle.

The Mail to go with the Duke of Cumberland Packet, Captain Goodridge, closes at the General Post-Office on Saturday next, and the Packet to sail the Day after, Wind and Weather permitting.

The SPEECH of his Excellency WILLIAM FRANKLIN, Esq; Captain General, Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the Colony of New-Jersey, and Territories thereon depending in America, Chancellor and Vice Admiral in the same, &c.

To the COUNCIL and GENERAL ASSEMBLY of the said Colony, in General Assembly convened at Perth-Amboy.

Gentlemen of the Council, and Gentlemen of the General Assembly,

SINCE the last Session, I have received his Majesty's Royal Disallowance of the Act, for striking One Hundred Thousand Pounds in Bills of Credit. The Grounds of this Disallowance will be explained to you, by the Report of the Board of Trade upon that Law. If, on Consideration, you shall be of Opinion, that a new Act may be so framed, as to obviate those Objections, and yet answer those salutary Purposes intended by the other, you may be assured it will give me Pleasure to be able to afford it my Concurrence; and that I will use all the Endeavours to obtain his Majesty's Confirmation of it, which may be in my Power.

Gentlemen of the General Assembly,

I HAVE only to request at present, that you would make due Provision for the Support of Government, and for the Supply of his Majesty's Troops stationed in this Province.

Gentlemen of the Council, and Gentlemen of the General Assembly,

THE Experience I have had of your good Dispositions, renders it unnecessary to recommend to you a Preservation of that Harmony and good Understanding, which is so beneficial to the Publick; I have therefore only to wish, that our mutual Endeavours to promote his Majesty's Service, and the Welfare of his Subjects in this Province, may be attended with Success equal to our Intentions. WILLIAM FRANKLIN.

Council Chamber, Sept. 28, 1770.

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 4.

During the last Session of General Assembly, the following Laws were passed, viz.

1. *An ACT to continue the Act, entituled, "An Act for the "Opening and better amending and keeping in Repair, the public "Roads and Highways within this Province."*

2. *An ACT for regulating Waggoners, Carters, Draymen, and Porters, within the City of Philadelphia, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.*

3. *An ACT for the Regulation of Apprentices within this Province.*

4. *An ACT for the Support of the Government of this Province, and Payment of the public Debts.*

An ACT *to continue the Act, entituled,* "An Act for the opening and better amending and keeping in Repair the Public Roads and Highways within this Province."

WHEREAS an Act of General Assembly, entituled, "*An Act for the opening and better amending and keeping in Repair the Public Roads and Highways within this Province,*" passed in the Fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, hath been found, on Experience, to be of Public Utility. And whereas the said Act is near expiring, BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED, by the Honourable JOHN PENN, Esquire, Lieutenant-Governor, under the Honourable THOMAS PENN and RICHARD PENN, Esquires, true and absolute Proprietaries of the Province of *Pennsylvania*, and Counties of *New-Castle*, *Kent*, and *Sussex*, upon *Delaware*, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Representatives of the Freemen of the said Province, in General Assembly met, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act, and every Article, Clause, Matter, and Thing therein contained (the Clause of Limitation in the said Act only excepted) shall be and is hereby declared to be continued in full Force and Virtue from the Publication hereof, until the First Day of *December*, which shall be in the Year of our Lord *One Thousand Seven Hundred* and *Seventy-one*, and from thence to the End of the next Sitting of Assembly, and no longer.

Monday last being the Anniversary Election throughout this Province for Representatives, Sheriffs, &c. the following Gentlemen were chosen, viz.

Philadelphia County. Representatives, Michael Hillegas, Rowland Evans, Henry Pawling, Joseph Fox, Israel Jacobs, Thomas Livezey, Joseph Parker, Samuel Rhoads. *Sheriffs*, Judah Foulke, John Biddle. *Coroners*, Caleb Cath, John Lukens. *Commissioner*, Samuel Miles. *Assessors*, Jacob Umstead, John Knorr, Abraham Lukens, Peter Dehaven, Benjamin Marshall, Samuel Massey.

Philadelphia City. Burgesses, John Dickinson, Abel James. *Street Commissioners*, James Stephens, John Drinker. *Wardens*, Moore Furman, David Evans. *Assessors*, George Morrison, Joseph Moulder, Robert Tuckness, Jonathan Shoemaker, Joseph Shewell, Joseph Allen.

Chester County. Representatives, Charles Humphreys, Isaac Pearson, John Minshall, John Morton, John Jacobs, John Crosby, George Ashbridge, John Sellers. *Sheriffs*, Jesse Maris, Henry Hayes. *Coroners*, Joseph Gibbons, John Bryan. *Commissioner*, Jesse Bonsall. *Assessors*, Michael Cypher, John Fleming, Thomas Taylor, Samuel Miller, Thomas Levis, Anthony Wayne.

[*The Remainder of the Elections will be in our next.*]

On Tuesday last, at a Meeting of the COMMON COUNCIL, SAMUEL SHOEMAKER, Esq; was re-elected Mayor of this City for the ensuing Year; Messieurs JAMES ALLEN, WILLIAM FISHER, and JOSHUA HOWELL, were made Aldermen; and Messieurs JOSEPH SHIPPEN, junior, JOHN CADWALLADER, SAMUEL POWEL, ALEXANDER WILCOCKS, STEPHEN CARMICK, and PETER CHEVALIER, Common Council-Men.

Captain Robison, from Lisbon, informs, that Advice was received there, that the Danes had bombarded Algiers, and destroyed all the Forts.---On the 15th ult. in Lat. 37: 23. Long. 57: 44, he spoke the Ship Lord Clive, Captain Murray, from Hull for Virginia, 47 Days out; and the 23d, in Lat. 38: 11, Long. 69: 41, he spoke a Ship, Captain Newin, from Glasgow for Virginia, out 7 Weeks, all well.

Captain White, from Lisbon, on the 26th of last Month, spoke the Ship Bell, Captain Spier, from Glasgow for Virginia, 9 Weeks out; and the next Day, in Long. 70, he spoke a Sloop from New-London for Jamaica, with Horses on board, 8 Days out, all well.

ARRIVALS.

From Philadelphia. Captains Montgomery, Miller, Sutton, and Leech, at Lisbon; Patterson, and Stewart, at Madeira; and the Captains Allison, and Sibbald, at Jamaica.

Captain Allen, of this Port, is arrived at Lisbon, from Maryland.

By the HONOURABLE

JOHN PENN, Esquire,

Lieutenant-Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of *Pennsylvania*, and Counties of *New-Castle*, *Kent* and *Sussex*, on *Delaware*,

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS Information hath been made to me that, in the Night of the Fourteenth Day of *July* last, a certain *Isaac Meyer* was grievously and mortally wounded by some Person unknown, who wilfully and maliciously shot him in the Neck, while he was sitting in the House of *Henry Buch*, in *Heidelberg* Township, in the County of *Lancaster*, of which mortal Wound the said *Meyer* died on the Day following. AND WHEREAS it is of the greatest Importance to the Safety and Well-being of His Majesty's liege Subjects, that the Authors of such inhuman and atrocious Crimes should be detected, and brought to condign and exemplary Punishment: AND WHEREAS all Endeavours, hitherto used, for discovering the Author and Perpetrator, or Perpetrators, of the above-mentioned villainous Murder, have proved ineffectual; I HAVE thought fit, by and with the Advice of the Council, to issue this my Proclamation, hereby strictly enjoining and requiring all Judges, Justices, Sheriffs, Constables, and other Officers, as well as all other His Majesty's Subjects, within this Province, to make diligent Search and Enquiry after the Author, Perpetrator and Perpetrators of the said Murder; AND, as an Encouragement for the discovering and bringing the Offender, or Offenders, to Justice, I DO hereby promise the public Reward of ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, to be paid to any Person, or Persons, who shall discover, apprehend and secure him, or them, so that he, or they, be prosecuted to Conviction, according to due Course of Law.

GIVEN under my Hand, and the Great Seal of the said Province, at Philadelphia, *the First Day of* October, *in the Tenth Year of his Majesty's Reign, and in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Seven Hundred and Seventy.*

JOHN PENN.

By His Honour's Command,

JOSEPH SHIPPEN, jun. Secretary.

GOD Save the KING.

By the HONOURABLE

JOHN PENN, Esquire,

Lieutenant-Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of *Pennsylvania*, and Counties of *New-Castle*, *Kent*, and *Sussex*, on *Delaware*,

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it appears, by the Deposition of John Philip De Haas, Esq; one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of *Lancaster*, that a certain LAZARUS STEWART, who, among others, stands charged with the Crime of Arson, was, on the 15th Day of last Month, legally apprehended for the same, in Virtue of a Warrant issued for that Purpose by one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of this Province: AND WHEREAS the said *Stewart*, in Defiance of all Law and Authority, did, on the same Day, with the Assistance of a Number of lawless People who joined him, rescue himself from the Custody of the Constable, who arrested him, and not only beat the Constable with great Severity, but abused and threatened the said De Haas, in the Execution of his Office, as a Justice of the Peace, in the most insolent Manner: AND WHEREAS it is highly expedient for the Preservation of the public Peace, and enforcing a due Execution of the Laws, that the said *Lazarus Stewart* should be brought to Justice, as well for the Crime for which he was arrested, as for the daring Insult and Contempt he has shewn to the Authority of Government; I HAVE therefore, by and with the Advice of Council, thought fit to issue this Proclamation, hereby strictly charging and commanding all Judges, Justices, Sheriffs, Constables, and other Officers, as well as all other His Majesty's Subjects, within this Government, to make diligent Search and Enquiry after the said *Lazarus Stewart*, and to use all lawful Means for apprehending, securing and bringing him to Justice; AND, as an Encouragement for that Purpose, I DO hereby promise and engage, that the public Reward of FIFTY POUNDS shall be paid to any Person or Persons, who shall apprehend and secure the said *Lazarus Stewart*, in one of the public Goals of this Province, so that he may be brought to his Trial, and proceeded against according to Law.

GIVEN under my Hand, and the Great Seal of the said Province, at Philadelphia, *the Third Day of* October, *in the Tenth Year of his Majesty's Reign, and in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Seven Hundred and Seventy.*

JOHN PENN.

By His Honour's Command,

JOSEPH SHIPPEN, jun. Secretary.

GOD Save the KING.

THERE is now constructed by JOHN CLAYTON, of this City, the Model of a simple but curious Machine, for the separating Wheat and other Grain from the Straw, of his own inventing, which said Model proves to Demonstration, that when it is erected in its full Extent, the Expence of which will not exceed from Twelve to Twenty Pounds, according to the Size of which it may be constructed, will enable the Farmer to thresh his Wheat at very near, if not quite, as little Labour and Expence as he could put it in Stack for; this Machine can be erected out of Doors as well as in a House, and is capable of being taken down when done with for the Season, and put under Cover till the next Year, and then set up with very little Trouble in any other Part of the Farm, where it shall be most convenient for its Use. The Use of which will render Barns by far less necessary than they are at present, and it is hoped that the several legislative Bodies of the Governments where the Soil and Climate are adapted to the raising that necessary and valuable Grain, will give the Inventor proper Encouragement to erect one in its full Extent in each of them; he has already made Application to the Governments of Pennsylvania and Maryland, where he hopes to meet with Success, and proposes to apply to those of New-York, New-Jersey, Virginia, and the Lower Counties, upon Delaware. This Machine, if kept from the Weather, will not wear out by doing the Work of almost any one Farm in 100 Years, except a very small Part of it, which can be repaired by any Servant.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Schooner Amelia, W. Ivory, from Virgina. Brig Sally, J. Thompson, Antigua. Sloop Bentham, J. Forster, Sloop Dispatch, H. Hoskins, Schooner Ruby, J. Bakehouse, Schooner Neptune, R. Ashton, Sloop Charming Polly, E. Hanson, N. Carolina. Sloop Polly, W. Turnell, Piscataqua. Schooner Ranger, A. Mansfield, Salem, N. E. Brig Calypso, J. Caton, Hispaniola. Brig Georgia Packet, J. Souder, Georgia. Schooner St. Nicholas, E. Reed, Brig George, G. Thompson, and Brig Polly, S. Young, Jamaica. Sloop Success, S. Bush, and Sloop Sally, P. Johnson, S. Carolina. Brig Harmony, T. Rodgers, Barbados. Sloop Betsy, R. Savadge, New-Providence. Snow Nancy, S. Crocker, Bristol. Ship Catherine, A. Henderson, Ship Nancy and Sukey, J. Robinson, Snow Elizabeth, I. Ail, and Snow Britannia, R. Eyres, Lisbon. Sloop Charlotte, J. Lyle, New-York. Ship Francis and Elizabeth, W. Mullowney, Gibraltar. Sloop Ann, W. Robinson, Halifax. Schooner Nancy, T. Whitelock, Coracoa. Ship Minerva, T. Arnot, Cowes. Ship Pennsylvania Packet, R. Gill, from London and N. Castle, on Tyne.

OUTWARDS. Schooner Neptune, R. Ashton, for N. Carolina. Brig Philadelphia, G. Gibbs, and Schooner Unity, W. Carlisle, Barbados. Sloop Sally, J. Blewer, S. Carolina. Schooner Amelia, W. Ivory, Virginia. Brig James, T. White, jun. St. Croix. Schooner Ranger, A. Mansfeld, for Salem, N. England.

CLEARED. Sloop Molly, J. Chapman, to Boston. Ship Sally, G. Berwick, Cadiz. Sloop Ranger, S. Prudden, N. Providence. Brig Thomas, J. Lake, Jamaica. Sloop Elizabeth, J. Smith, St. Vincent. Ship London Packet, J. Cooke, London. Schooner Mary, W. Alexander, Nevis. Sloop Delight, T. Newson, N. London. Schooner Betsy, H. Styles, North-Carolina. Schooner Betsy, J. Smith, Antigua. Sloop William's Relief, C. Place, to Grenades.

To be SOLD, by

JOHN DUNLAP,

At the Newest Printing-Office, in Market-street, Philadelphia,

A large Quantity of WRITING PAPER.

Also a Variety of valuable BOOKS, among which are a few Copies of

ROBERTSON's History of the Reign of the Emperor of Germany, CHARLES the Fifth.

To be SOLD, by

PETER TURNER, junior,

At his Warehouse, on the South-side of Market-street, the fourth Door above the London Coffee-House, a Variety of European and East-India Goods, which he will dispose of on very low Terms, for Cash, or short Credit; among which are,

A Fresh and compleat Assortment of the BEST, SUPERFINE, MIDDLING & COARSE BOULTING-CLOTHS, allowed to exceed any ever yet imported to America; where Millers and others may depend on being supplied with all Sorts of Cloths, suitable for every Branch of the Business, and at a moderate Rate.----------Allowance will be made to those, who may want a Quantity.

BOULTING-CLOTHS, and Cologne mill-stones, just imported, and to be sold on the lowest terms, by ROBERT and NATHANIEL LEWIS, at their store, near the Drawbridge, Philadelphia. Those who are unacquainted with the different kinds of boulting-cloths, may depend on having those of the best quality, with directions, in what manner to fix them to the most advantage.

They have a copper still, which will contain about 75 gallons, to dispose of, on reasonable terms. *October* 1, 1770.

To ALL, whom it may CONCERN.

WHEREAS the subscriber, JOHN HUTCHIN, late of Mansfield, in the county of Burlington, by losses in trade, and other misfortunes, was under the necessity of calling his creditors together, and making an assignment of his estate to certain trustees, for the benefit of all his creditors, which has been done with justice and truth: Notwithstanding, some of his creditors have threatened, and others have commenced actions against him, which can terminate in no advantage to them, but utter ruin to the subscriber, and his numerous family, as he has no property, but what he has assigned and held liable to his trustees, for the uses aforesaid; therefore he is under the disagreeable necessity of applying to the Governor, Council, and General Assembly of New-Jersey, at their session, now sitting at Perth-Amboy, for a law to exempt his person from confinement; nevertheless holding himself liable to the payment of his just debts, whenever in his power, which he shall industriously endeavour for. ¶

Burlington, Sept. 20, 1770. JOHN HUTCHIN.

WAS LOST, about the Middle of August last, on the Road, between Chester and Mr. Bryan's, at the White Horse Tavern, a large BLACK VELVET CLOAK, trimmed with Squirrel Skin. Whoever has found the same, and will bring it to the PRINTERS hereof, shall receive TEN SHILLINGS Reward.

N. B. If such a Cloak should be offered for Sale by any suspicious Person, the Person it is offered to is desired to stop it, or give Information where it may be had, and they shall have the above Reward. ‡

ON Monday, the 15th of October instant, will be opened an EVENING SCHOOL, in Cedar-street, between Front and Water-streets, where will be taught Writing, Arithmetic, Navigation, and other useful Branches of the Mathematics, by DAVID ELLISON. ‡

WAS taken up, the 29th day of September, 1770, at the house of Michael Berndoller, at Chestnut-Hill, in Germantown township, Philadelphia county, a roan Horse, about 14 hands high, branded D. O, with a star in his forehead, and one white foot. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

‡ MICHAEL BERNDOLLER.

TEN DOLLARS Reward,

RAN away, last Night, from the Subscriber, living in Birmingham Township, Chester County, an Irish Servant Man, named DENNIS M'GEE, about 24 Years of Age, 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, of a dark Complexion, wears his own black curled Hair, grey eyed, marked with the Small-pox, a Blacksmith by Trade: Had on when he went away, a light coloured Cloth Jacket, with flash Sleeves, old Shirt and Trowsers, but perhaps may change his Apparel; he wore a remarkable Felt Hat, with white Silk Looping; and took with him a dark brown Horse, near 14 Hands high, about 12 Years old, has neither Brand nor Ear-mark, shod all round. Whoever takes up said Servant and Horse, and secures the Horse for the Owner, and the Servant in any of his Majesty's Goals, so that he may get them again, shall have the above Reward, or Six Dollars for the Servant, and Four for the Horse, paid by

Sept. 28, 1770. AMOS CHANDLER. §

For BRISTOL,

The Brig HARMONY,

THOMAS RODGERS, Master,

CEDAR built, and a prime Sailer, having one Half of her Cargoe ready to go on board, and is expected to sail in twenty Days. For Freight or Passage, apply to the said Master, at the London Coffee-House, or to STOCKER & WHARTON.

For LONDONDERRY,

The Brig SALLY,

JOHN THOMPSON, Master,

HAS good Accommodations for PASSENGERS, and will be clear to sail by the 15th Instant. For PASSAGE, apply to said MASTER on board, at the South-side of Market-street Wharf, or to WILLIAM & ANDREW CALDWELL.

To be SOLD, at Baltimore-Town, in Maryland,

A LOT of GROUND, 50 feet front, and about 60 feet deep, in a convenient part of the town for trade, whereon is erected a 3 story brick house, with a stone cellar under it, also a brick kitchen, now occupied by James Christie, Merchant, who, by a verbal agreement, is to hold the same until the 4th day of May next, as a tenant under the subscribers, who will attend at Little's tavern, near the premises, on the 10th day of October inst. in order to make the terms known, and endeavour to agree with those who may incline to purchase the same.

ROBERT and RICHARD HOLLIDAY,
DANIEL DINGEE. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

TWO hearty likely Negroe MEN, one of them is very ſuitable for any kind of laborious work, and the other is ſo handy, as to be capable of doing almoſt any kind of buſineſs that a ſervant is generally employed in, particularly about a houſe, attending a gentleman, or keeping horſes; he is a well built fellow, and ſpeaks good Engliſh; they are ſold for no fault, only not agreeing with the foreman of the buſineſs they are at preſent employed in. Enquire of the Printers, who will direct where they may be ſeen.

To be SOLD by public vendue, on the 7th day of the week, the 20th day of October next, at the ſign of Pitt, the houſe of Alice M'Calla, in Front-ſtreet, Philadelphia, at 3 o' clock in the afternoon, to the higheſt bidder, by virtue of the laſt will and teſtament of Samuel Bonnell, late of the ſaid city, Blackſmith, deceaſed,

A VALUABLE plantation, and tract of land, ſituate in the townſhip of Waterford, in the county of Glouceſter, in the weſtern diviſion of the province of New-Jerſey, containing 130 acres and an half, and the uſual allowance for highways, bounded by the lands of John Shivers, and Francis Bonnell, now in the tenure of Benjamin Archer, with a good frame dwelling-houſe and barn thereon; alſo a convenient ſtream of water, whereon may be erected a fulling-mill or griſt-mill, ſituate on the north ſide of Cooper's creek, and within 4 miles of the city of Philadelphia, where garden truck may be raiſed in great plenty, and brought to Philadelphia market by water. There are about 17 acres of choice good meadow, part whereof is under good bank. The upland is good in kind; about 50 acres cleared, and the reſt good woodland, and very well watered.

Alſo a convenient well finiſhed three ſtory brick meſſuage, and lot of ground, ſituate on the bank of the river Delaware, between Saſſafras and Vine-ſtreets, in the city of Philadelphia, now in the tenure of the Widow White, containing in breadth, on Front-ſtreet and Water-ſtreet, 15 feet, and in length about 40 feet, ſubject to the Proprietaries thirds of One Shilling ſterling per foot in breadth per annum, and alſo the ſum of Forty-five Shillings Sterling per annum groundrent.

Alſo two convenient two ſtory brick meſſuages, and lots of ground, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Vine-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, in the ſaid city, each containing in breadth, on Vine-ſtreet, 15 feet, and in length or depth 51 feet, now in the tenure of Henry Pugh, and Captain Scott, and rents for 16 l. per annum each.

And alſo a lot of ground, ſituate on the ſouth weſterly ſide of Warren-ſtreet, in Kenſington, in the Northern Liberties of the ſaid city, containing in breadth, on ſaid Warren-ſtreet, 60 feet, and in length or depth, 60 feet. Thoſe perſons becoming purchaſers, paying one third part of the purchaſe money, at the ſigning of the deed, may have time for payment of the remainder, giving ſecurity, and paying intereſt, if required. The titles are indiſputable. Attendance will be given by us, the ſubſcribers, SARAH BONNELL, executrix, THOMAS BONNELL, PETER THOMSON, executors.

Reading, September 22, 1770.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Monday, the 22d day of October next, at 10 o' clock in the forenoon, at the houſe of Captain Hunter, in Fort Auguſta, a certain tract of land, ſituate in or near Buffeloe Valley, in the new Indian purchaſe, in Berks county, adjoining lands of Mr. Patterſon and John Elliot, containing 300 acres, or thereabouts, with the appurtenances; late the eſtate of William M'Mean; ſeized and taken in execution by

¶ JACOB SHOEMAKER, Sheriff.

Reading, September 22, 1770.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Monday, the 22d day of October next, at 12 o' clock, at the houſe of Captain Hunter, in Fort Auguſta, in Berks county, a certain tract of land, ſituate on the river Saſquehanna, near Weiſer's Iſland, within the ſaid county, adjoining lands of Abraham Haſe, and others, containing 130 acres, or thereabouts, with the appurtenances; late the eſtate of George Gabriel; ſeized and taken in execution by

¶ JACOB SHOMAKER, Sheriff.

Reading, September 22, 1770.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Monday, the 22d day of October next, at 2 o' clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of Captain Hunter, in Fort Auguſta, in Berks county, a certain tract of about 616 acres of land, adjoining the lands of Major De Haas, Captain Keen, Doctor Plunkett, and Captain Limes, in Buffeloe Valley, in the ſaid county, within the new Indian purchaſe; late the eſtate of John Brady, with the appurtenances; ſeized and taken in execution by JACOB SHOEMAKER, Sheriff. §

Williamſburg, Virginia, Sept. 8, 1770.

For Sale, or to be rented, for a Term of Years, and to be entered on immediately.

THE Capital Prize in Col. Byrd's lottery, conſiſting of a double forge and griſt-mill, convenient to ſeveral towns, with two acres and a half of land adjoining; the uſe of the landing, the canal, which affords a never failing ſtream, with 10 feet on each ſide, and 2000 acres of land, the fartheſt part of which is not more than two miles from the forge, beautifully ſituated on the Falls of James River, and convenient to ſeveral towns; all the works were built in the year 1765, and are now in good repair. The mill has been well accuſtomed theſe 60 years paſt, and is worth at leaſt 200 l. per year. This land is eſtimated to be as good as any high land on James River, and is extremely well timbered, not above 150 acres of it having been cleared, which renders it ſtill more valuable. If not ſold privately between this time, and the 5th of November next, it will then be expoſed to public ſale, before the Rawleigh Tavern. The terms, which will be reaſonable, any perſon may be acquainted with in the mean time, by applying to me in Williamſburg, or directing a line for me, to be left at the poſt-office, and the land and works viewed at any time, by applying to Mr. THOMAS BOWIN, who reſides upon the premiſes. HENRY MORSE.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, living in Middletown townſhip, Cheſter county, on the 26th day of September laſt, a SILVER WATCH, with a ſilver face, maker's name Kover, No. 10,093 on the face; likewiſe a pair of ſilver knee buckles, of an oval form, carved with diamonds; alſo a pair of old ſilver locket ſleeve buttons; ſuppoſed to be ſtolen by a certain Edward Godfrey, a ſhort thin faced fellow, appears to be about 20 years of age; he has lived ſome time with me; had on, and took with him, when he went away, a brown cloth coat, red and white ſtriped cotton and linen jacket, ticken trowſers, two pair of ſhoes, one neats leather, and the other calf-ſkin, and a pair of carved ſilver ſhoe buckles. Whoever ſecures ſaid thief, and goods, ſo that they may be had again, and the thief be brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, or Thirty Shillings for either the thief or goods, and reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ NICHOLAS FAIRLAMB.

STRAYED or ſtolen the 6th day of September laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living at the upper end of Arch-ſtreet, a bay HORSE, about 14 hands high, trots altogether, a black mane and tail, three years old laſt ſpring, marked with the letter M on his near ſhoulder, has a dark ſtroke along his back, ſhod before only. Whoever brings the ſaid horſe to the ſubſcriber, or diſcovers the thief, if ſtolen, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by MARTIN WALL. ¶

Trenton Ferry, Tavern and premiſes,

TO be LETT, long remarkable as a fine ſtand for buſineſs, commanding, from its agreeable ſituation on the river Delaware, and near Trenton; the great abundance of delicate fiſh in the ſummer ſeaſon; the reſort of genteel company for this ſport; and as lying on the high road between New-York and Philadelphia (the latter only 30 miles diſtance) the moſt inviting proſpect of buſineſs that any public place affords, excluſive of the Ferry, and many other advantages, not neceſſary to enumerate.

The proprietor has nearly compleated an intire new Wharff, for the accommodation of the Ferry, and intends immediately to put the Tavern-houſe and other buildings into full repair, ſo as to render the whole perfectly commodious and convenient---An advantageous leaſe will be given, and the premiſes may be entered upon by the middle of November next.

Any active and obliging man, with a capital or intereſt, to command a neat ſtock of liquors, &c. ſo as to keep up the Tavern with proper reputation and attention, will find it much to his intereſt to engage this leaſe----No other need apply.---For further particulars and terms, enquire of the ſubſcriber, proprietor of the eſtate, living in Trenton.

September 26, 1770. DANIEL COXE.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE merchant mill, with two pair of ſtones, two boulting-cloths, and every other implement for carrying on the merchant buſineſs, together with a good ſaw-mill, very convenient.---On the premiſes are a ſmall young orchard, a good commodious ſtill-houſe, dwelling-houſe, and ſtables, &c. ſome meadow made, and more to make;---the mills are in good order, and may be entered on this fall, or next ſpring;---the whole ſituate, lying and being in Baltimore county, province of Maryland, within two miles of the lower croſs, and within four miles of Buſh-Town landing, in the heart of an excellent part of the county for wheat.---Terms of ſale may be known, by applying to Mr. *Andrew Cunningham*, on the premiſes, or the ſubſcriber, at the lower croſs roads, ſon of the Reverend *Andrew Bay*, of *Albany*, who is impowered to ſell the ſame.

‡ ELIHU HALL BAY.

The mills will be rented for a term of years, if not ſold.

RUN away, from the Subſcriber, living in Radnor Townſhip, Cheſter County, on the 24th of September laſt, a Negroe Man, named JACK, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, a well ſet Fellow, and about 27 Years of Age: Had on, a half-worn Felt Hat, brown homeſpun Cloth Jacket, with Pewter Buttons, and an under Ditto of the ſame, and Tow Shirt and Trowſers. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Negroe, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have THIRTY SHILLINGS Reward, paid by ¶ JOHN MORGAN.

Bucks County, September 14, 1770.

To be ſold, by Order of the Orphan's Court, at public Vendue, on Monday, the 29th of October next,

SEVENTY Acres of LAND, Part of the real Eſtate of *John Ewer*, deceaſed, about 20 Acres of which cleared, and under good Fence, the Remainder good Woodland; ſome Meadow may be eaſily made; it is ſituate in the Townſhip of Warwick, adjoining Lands of William Rodman, and John Grier; The Vendue to be held on the Premiſes, and to begin at Ten o' Clock in the Forenoon, when the Conditions of Sale will be made known, by ¶ BILAH EWER, Adminiſtratrix.

ABSCONDED from his Bail, a certain ROBERT DAVIDSON, about 22 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 or 10 Inches high, ſlim made, ſandy Complexion, pretty much ſtoop ſhouldered, and has a Lump on one of his Ankles; had on, when he went away, an Aſh coloured Homeſpun Coat, a ſtriped Jacket, and brown Breeches. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Runaway, in any of the Goals of this Province, ſhall have a Reward of *Fifteen Shillings*, paid by either of us, the Subſcribers, living in Horſham Townſhip, Philadelphia County. ¶

WILLIAM DAVIDSON.
September 28, 1770. WILLIAM BYRNEY.

ANNA MARGARET WINSH, who married John Uſbeck, or Reinbeck, and lives ſomewhere in New-Jerſey, is deſired to call on the Subſcriber, living in Manor Townſhip, Lancaſter County, and receive a Sum of Money, left her by her Brother, Ulrick Winſh, deceaſed.

‡ CHRISTIAN BOUGHMAN.

TAKEN up by the ſubſcriber, in Minalen townſhip, York county, near Poſom creek, an iron grey MARE, about 14 hands high, 4 years old, a natural pacer, has no brand nor ear-mark. The owner may have her again, on proving his property, and paying reaſonable charges, from me

Auguſt 8, 1770. JOHN BLACKEY. §

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

WAS STOLEN, on Saturday night, the 22d of September, 1770, out of a waggon, on Lancaſter road, at the Sign of the Black Horſe, a ſmall BOX, containing four beaver hats, two of which was made by William Jenkins, one a ſmall ruff hat, the other a ſmall hat, with a ſhort nap, both lined with brown linen, two ditto made by Robert Smith, one a woman's ruff riding hat, with ſilver trimmings, the other a man's ruff hat, both lined with green ſilk. Whoever apprehends ſaid thief or thieves, ſo that he or they may be brought to juſtice, and the owners receive their property again, ſhall have the above reward, or Forty Shillings for the hats only, paid by *Valentine Grantz*, Waggoner, or *Robert Smith*, and *William Jenkins*. ¶

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

Living near the premiſes,

A PLANTATION ſituate in New-Caſtle county, oppoſite to the lower end of Reedy-Iſland, it contains 130 acres of upland, 40 acres of excellent drained meadow, and 100 acres of very good wild or undrained marſh, which may alſo be very eaſily drained, it is a noted place, having been many years paſt the dwelling place of the ſubſcriber, the meadows are in very good order, the banks under good regulations, and the upland well manured, and very fertile, and the ſituation for either ſelling of ſtock, grazing of cattle, or keeping a public houſe, equal, if not better than any adjacent to the iſland, being right oppoſite to the road, where the ſhipping always ride, and adjoining Auguſtine Creek, where the boats chooſe to land. The terms of payment will be made eaſy. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may apply to CORNELIUS CARTY.

N. B. The place now rents for upwards of 70 l. a year. ¶

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living about 10 miles from Baltimore-Town, in Maryland, an Engliſh ſervant man, named GEORGE ADAMS, about 35 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, pitted with the ſmall-pox, has black hair and beard, a ſcar on his upper lip, is remarkably pleaſant, and ſmiles when talking; had on, when he went away, an old felt hat, a brown great coat, without a cape, with metal buttons, a blue-grey fearnought jacket, without ſleeves, ozenbrigs ſhirt and trowſers. He likewiſe took away with him a bay HORSE, with a blaze face, about 14 hands high, has a ſtanding mane, a natural pacer, and ſhod before. Whoever takes up ſaid man and horſe, and ſecures them, ſo that their maſter gets them again, ſhall have, if in the county, Forty Shillings; if out of the county, Three Pounds; if out of the province, the above reward; and in proportion for either, with reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by NICHOLAS BRITTON. ‖

To be SOLD by THOMAS ANDERTON,

Bookſeller, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia,

THE celebrated Doctor TISSOTT's tincture for effectually curing the ague and fever, without the leaſt pain or ſickneſs. It is enough to recommend this ſovereign and efficacious medicine to the notice of the public, to ſay it truly was the Doctor's own preſcription, and what he conſtantly made uſe of in his private practice, for the cure of the ague and fever; for it is indeed like a God in medicine. The ſame remedy is now generouſly offered the afflicted, by a gentleman of liberal education, who obtained his medical knowledge and degrees in Europe, and when on his extenſive travels in that quarter, the Weſt-Indies, and in ſome parts of America, always made uſe of it, and never to his knowledge knew an inſtance of it failing to perform a cure. It is not wholly confined to the diſeaſe already ſpecified in all its alarming circumſtances; but likewiſe to that tedious diſorder, called the dumb-ague, which it totally overcomes and vanquiſhes, and it is no matter whether the fit returns every day, every other day, or every third day----Three doſes of this noble medicine effects the cure---In the hooping-cough among children, it has not an equal in the whole materia medica.

Lancaſter, September 25, 1770.

WHEREAS, in the month of April or May laſt, one Ann Bowman, wife to Michael Bowman, of Manheim townſhip, fraudulently obtained from me, the ſubſcriber, a deed of gift, and a bond, conditioned for the payment of 300 l. lawful money of Pennſylvania, on the firſt day of Auguſt laſt paſt. And whereas I, about the ſaid months, beſides the above deed, and the ſaid bond, did aſſign unto her ſundry bonds, for ſundry ſums, owing to me by one John Gring, amounting to 300 l. and upwards. The public are hereby defired to take notice hereof, and all perſons warned not to take an aſſignment of either of the ſame. JOHN KREBIL.

N. B. The ſaid Ann, being laſt year eloped from her ſaid huſband, telling me ſhe was a widow, and nearly contracted a marriage with me, upon condition as aforeſaid; and ſhe, at the ſame time, did give me writings, from under her hand and ſeal, that in caſe her ſaid huſband was not dead, that then the above deed and bond aforeſaid ſhall be void, and ſaid bonds, which I have aſſigned unto her as aforeſaid, to return unto me again, but which ſaid writings ſhe ſoon after ſtole from me, and made her eſcape. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Barwick townſhip, York county, on the 20th day of May laſt, a light grey HORSE, about 12 years old, no brand nor ear-mark viſible, a natural trotter. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

¶ FREDERICK KUHN.

TO BE SOLD,

By way of public vendue, on Friday, the 23d day of November next, on the premiſes,

A VALUABLE plantation or tract of land, containing 180 acres, ſituated in Cheſter county, Penſborough townſhip, late the property of John Clark, deceaſed; bounded by lands of Samuel Grub, Thomas Gibſon, &c. about 100 acres of ſaid land are cleared, and under good fence, about 20 acres of good meadow, and more may be made, and watered, with very little coſt, two very good apple-orchards, of 50 or 60 good bearing trees in each orchard; there are on ſaid plantation, two good houſes, two very good barns, and ſtabling plenty, a good ſpring, very handy to the houſe, and a very good ſtone houſe over it. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the terms, by applying to Mary Clark, on ſaid premiſes, or to John Clark, Hatter, in Wilmington.

N. B. All PERSONS *indebted to ſaid ESTATE, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment; and all thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to bring in their accounts, that they may be ſettled, as the law directs, by* MARY CLARK, *and* JOHN CLARK, *junior, Execut.* ‖ 4 *W.*

Baltimore Town, Maryland, Auguſt 7, 1770.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, in Baltimore Town, on the 5th inſtant, at night, an Iriſh ſervant man, named DENNIS ROYNANE, middle ſize, full face, ruddy complexion, thick lips, marked with the ſmall-pox, and ſpeaks much in the Iriſh dialect: Had on, and took with him, a blue ſailor jacket, old hat, a ſhort cut wig, one check, and one ozenbrigs ſhirt, ozenbrigs trowſers, ſhoes and ſtockings, and ſome other clothes, not known. It is likely he will pretend to paſs for a ſailor. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS *reward, and if brought home* FIVE POUNDS, *including what the law allows, paid by* MARK ALEXANDER. ¶ 7W.

Maryland, September 10, 1770.

TO BE SOLD,

ONE undivided third part of the Northampton iron furnace, together with the ſtock in partnerſhip thereto belonging, conſiſting of lands, ſervants, teams, &c. &c. the ſaid furnace, caſting-houſe, bridge, and wheel-houſes, are all built of ſtone, in the beſt and neateſt manner, and on a never-failing ſtream of water, 11 miles diſtance from Baltimore-Town, in Baltimore county, province of Maryland, and on the beſt road leading to ſaid town; the lands are well wooded, and abound in iron ore, which is very convenient to ſaid furnace, and is of the beſt and richeſt qualities, and yields ſuch plenty, that I believe no furnace on the continent makes more metal while in blaſt; on the ſaid land, all round the furnace, are alſo plenty of lime-ſtone, which is made uſe of for flux; the furnace is now heating, and will be in blaſt in a few days; there is already provided, and at the furnace, a very fine ſtock of ore and coals, and growing upon the lands, as much Indian corn, as, I ſuppoſe, may ſupply the furnace for 12 months; at the ſaid furnace is a good coal-houſe, and all other convenient houſes, in good repair; the purchaſer ſhall be put into poſſeſſion immediately, and ſuch time given for the payment of the purchaſe-money, that may make it very eaſy to the purchaſer, he giving bond upon intereſt, with ſecurity, if required. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, will be pleaſed to apply to the ſubſcriber, near Baltimore-Town, in ſaid province.

T.b.c.t.f. JOHN RIDGELY.

WE, the ſubſcribers, being appointed auditors, by the Court of Common Pleas, for the county of Lancaſter, to ſettle and adjuſt the Accounts of Robert Eachus, late of the Borough of Lancaſter, Inn-keeper, and the ſhares or proportions of the creditors of the ſaid Robert, of and in his whole eſtate, on the attachment iſſued againſt him; do hereby give notice to the ſeveral creditors of the ſaid Robert Eachus, that they attend at the dwelling-houſe of Chriſtopher Breidenhard, in Lancaſter, on Monday, the 5th day of November next, to prove their reſpective demands, that a ſettlement of their reſpective ſhares may be made, agreeable to law, and the rule of the court aforeſaid. Witneſs our hands, at Lancaſter, this 13th day of September, 1770. JOHN HOPSON, MICHAEL HUBLEY, WILLIAM BOWSMAN. ¶

PETER MIERCKEN, SUGAR-REFINER,

HEREBY acquaints the Public in general, and his Friends in particular, That he is removed from Second-ſtreet, to Society-Hill, into the Sugar-Houſe in Shippen-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets; where he continues to carry on the Sugar-refining Buſineſs, and ſells Loaf, Lump, and Muſcovado Sugars, Sugar-candy, and Melaſſes, at the moſt reaſonable Prices. He will be obliged to thoſe who will pleaſe to favour him with their Cuſtom. ¶

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